

Bajaj College of Science, Wardha
Semester Pattern Syllabus
FOR B Sc. BOTANY
Session 2019-20

SEMESTER – I
Plant Diversity & Applications of Microbes
(60 Hours)

Unit I: Viruses and Bacteria **(10)**

- 1.1 Virus: General Account of Viruses and structure of TMV and HIV
- 1.2 Mycoplasma : - Structure, Reproduction.
- 1.3 Bacteria:- Cell structure, Reproduction: (Binary fission, Conjugation)
- 1.4 Cyanobacteria: -General account, Ultra cell structure, reproduction (eg. *Nostoc*).
- 1.5 Role of microbes in Agriculture, Medicine and Industries.

Unit II: Algae **(10)**

- 2.1. Classification of Algae F. E. Fritsch
- 2.2 General characters of algae with reference to Habitat, Thallus Organization, Pigmentation, Reserve food and Reproduction
- 2.3 Life history of: - *Oedogonium*, *Vaucheria*, *Chara*, *Ectocarpus*.
- 2.4 Economic Importance of Algae with special reference to Food, Industries, Agriculture and Harmful aspects

Unit III : Fungi and Lichens **(10)**

- 3.1 General characteristics of Fungi,
- 3.2 Classification of Fungi(Alexopoulos 1996),
- 3.2 Life history of: - *Albugo*, *Puccinia Cercospora*,
- 3.4 Economic importance (Industries, Medicine, Food & Agriculture)
- 3.5 Lichens: - Types, Reproduction & Economic importance

Unit IV: Plant pathology **(10)**

- 4.1 Host, pathogen, symptoms
- 4.2 Viral diseases-TMV
- 4.3. Bacteria – Black arm of cotton
- 4.4 Causes and Control of: Leaf curl of Papaya, Citrus canker and Red rot of Sugarcane

Unit V: Bryophyta**(10)**

5.1 Classification (Proskauer 1957)

5.2 General characters (Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida),

5.3 Alteration of generation in life cycles of *Marchantia* & *Funaria*

5.4 Economic importance

Unit VI: Applications of Microbes**(10)****(a) Biofertilizers**

6.1 Concept, importance and types, Vermicomposting

6.2 Nitrogen fixing biofertilizers: Azotobacter, Rhizobium, Nostoc, Anabena

6.3 Phosphorus degrading & Potash mobilizing bacteria, VAM

(b) Mushroom Cultivation

6.4 Introduction of nutritional & medicinal value of edible mushrooms

6.5 Economic importance of mushrooms.

6.6 Cultivation practices of *Agaricus* (button), *Pleurostus* (Dhingari oyster mushroom) and *Volcariella* (Paddy straw mushroom)**List of Practicals :**

Study of Bacterial forms from permanent micropreparation.

Gram staining of Bacteria, Ultrasturcture of Bacteriophage from TEM photographs

Study of Cyanobacteria: *Nostoc*.Study of Algal genera: *Oedogonium*, *Chara*, *Vaucheria*, *Ectocarpus*.Study of Fungal genera:- *Albugo*, *Mucor*, *Puccinia*, *Cercospora*

Study of Lichen: - Thallus structure, Types

Plant pathology: – Leaf curl of Papaya, Red rot of Sugarcane, Citrus canker

Study of Bryophytes :- *Marchantia* & *Funaria*

*To study the bacteria present in root nodules of leguminous plant.

To study the liquid culture/broth culture of *Rhizobium*.To prepare the biofertilizers from broth culture of bacteria (*Rhizobium* / Cyanobacteria)

Identification of different types of mushroom.

Materials required for Cultivation of Mushrooms.

Demonstration of cultivation of Mushroom.

Botanical Excursions (One short/Long excursion is compulsory)

Suggested Readings:

- Tortora, G. E. B. R. Funke, C. L Case U (1997): Microbiology, An Introduction, 6th Ed (Addison NesleyLogman ,Inc.)
- Smith, K. M. : Plant Viruses [1992] 6th Ed luniversity Book Stall ,New Delhi) Dubey, RC. DK Maheshwari [1999] : Text Book of Microbiology (S. Chand & Co) Sharma, P.D. [1993] : Microbiology and plant pathology (Rastogi& Co) Sullia, S. B. [1998] : General Microbiology (Oxford &IBH) Prescott et al [1999]: Microbiology 3rded (Wm C Brown Pub)
- Bold, H.C. C. J Alexopoulos and T Delevoryas [1980] : Morphology of Plants and Fungi (Harper and Row Publishers, N.Y.)
- Ganguly, Kar [] : College Botany, Vol II (New Central Book Agency, Calcutta) Bierhorst, D. W. (1971) : Morphology of Vascular Plants (Macmillon& Co. N.Y.)
- Bold, H. C. and M. J. Wynne [1978] :Introduction of Algae: Structure and Reproduction (Prentice Hall Of India, Pvt. Ltd)
- Kumar, H. D. and HN Singh (1982) : A text Book of Algae (AffiliateEast - West Press, Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi)
- Sharma, O.P.1992): Text . Book OfThallophytes (McGraw Hill Publishing Co.) Smith, G. M. [1971] :Cryptogamic Botany, Vol. I Atgae and Fungi(TMh) Vasishtha, B. R. [1990] : Algae (S. Chand & Co. New Delhi)
- Alexopoulos, C. J. and G. W. Min & M. Blackwell, Indroductory Mycology, CBS distributors & publishers, Delhi.
- Dube, H. C. [1990] introduction to Fungi (Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, Delhi)
- Sharma, P. D. [1991] : The Fungi (Rastogi&Co.Meerut)
- Vasishtha, B. R.[1990] : Fungi (S. Chand and Co. New Delhi)
- Mehrotra, R. S. and Aneja, K. R. 1990 An Introduction to mycology (Wiley Estern Ltd.) Prempuri [1980] :Bryophyta (Atma Ram & Sons Delhi)
- Ram Udar [1970] : An Introduction to Bryophyta (ShashidharMalviyaPrakashan, Lucknow) Smith, G. M. [1971] :Cryptogamic Botany, vol. I I, Bryophytes and Pteridiphytes (THM)
- Chopra, G. Land D I Yadav [1980] : A text Book of Bryophyta (Arihant Press)
- Vashishtha, B. R. [1992] :Bryophyta (S. Chand & Co. New Delhi)

Dubey, R.C., 2005 A Text book of Biotechnology S.Chand & Co, New Delhi.
 Kumaresan, V. 2005, Biotechnology, Saras Publications, New Delhi.
 John Jothi Prakash, E. 2004. Outlines of Plant Biotechnology. Emkay Publication, New Delhi.
 4. Sathe, T.V. 2004 Vermiculture and Organic Farming. Daya publishers.
 Subha Rao, N.S. 2000, Soil Microbiology, Oxford & IBH Publishers, New Delhi.
 Vayas,S.C, Vayas, S. and Modi, H.A. 1998 Bio-fertilizers and organic Farming Akta Prakashan, Nadiad
 Marimuthu, T. Krishnamoorthy, A.S. Sivaprakasam, K. and Jayarajan. R (1991) Oyster Mushrooms, Department of Plant Pathology, Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore. Swaminathan, M. (1990) Food and Nutrition. Bappco, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd., No. 88, Mysore Road, Bangalore - 560018.
 Tewari, Pankaj Kapoor, S.C., (1988). Mushroom cultivation, Mittal Publications, Delhi.
 Nita Bahl (1984-1988) Hand book of Mushrooms, II Edition, Vol. I & Vol. II.

Semester - I
Botany Practical Examination
Question Paper

Time: 5 hrs

Marks: 30

- Q. 1) Gram Stain given Bacterial strain / Stain the **Cyanobacterial** material [A], & Identify **04**
- Q. 2) Identify & give characters of the given **Algal** material [B]and make a temporary Mount **04**
- Q. 3) Identify & give characters of the given **Fungal** material[C] and make a temporary Mount **04**
- Q. 4) Identify & give characters of the given **Bryophytic** material[D] and make a temporary Mount **04**
- Q. 5) Spotting : **08**
- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| E-Virus/Bacteria/Cyanobacteria | F- Algae | | |
| G- Fungi | H-Bryophyte | I- Plant pathology | J- Lichen |
| K- Biofertilizer | L-MushroomCultivation | | |
- Q. 9) Viva-voce **03**

Q.10) Practical Record & Excursion Report 03

Semester – II

**Pteridophyta, Paleobotany, Gymnosperms, Morphology of Angiosperms &
Scientific Report writing
(60 Hours)**

Unit I Pteridophyta (10)

1.1 Classification (Smith, 1952)

1.2 General characters (Psilopsida, Lycopsidea, Sphenopsida and Pteropsida),

1.3 **Life history of** *Selaginella* (Heterospory and seed Habit), *Equisetum*

1.4 Apogamy, Apospory and Stellar system in Pteridophytes

Unit II Palaeobotany (10)

2.1 Introduction to Paleobotany, Geological time scale

2.2 Fossilization: Replacement theory, Infiltration theory

2.3 Types of fossils: Impression, Compression, Petrification

2.4 Fossil plants: Gymnosperms: *Glossopteris* (Leaf, Scutum), *Cycadeoidea*
(morphology, anatomy of Stem and flower)

UNIT III: Gymnosperms (10)

3.1 Classification (Stewart 1982)

3.2 General characters

3.3 Life cycles of *Pinus* and *Gnetum*

3.4 Affinities of gymnosperms with Pteridophytes and Angiosperms

3.5 Economic importance

Unit IV: Morphology of Angiosperms I

4.1 Diversity in Plants habits – Annual, biannual, perennials

4.2 Root: Tap, Adventitious & Modifications (Storage, Respiration & Reproduction.

4.3 Stem: Shape, surface, texture, nature, Branching (Monopodial, Sympodial),
modifications (Runner, Rhizome, Tuber, Bulb, cladode).

4.4 Leaf: Typical Leaf, Types (Simple, Compound), Phyllotaxy, Venation, Stipule
and modifications of leaf (Tendrils, Phyllode)

Unit V: Morphology of Angiosperms II (10)

5.1 Inflorescence -Simple (Racemose, Cymose and special types).

5.2 Flower: Flower as modified shoot, Insertion of floral whorls,

5.3 Structure of Calyx, Corolla, Androecium and Gynoecium.

5.4 Placentation; Seed structure; Types of seeds

5.5 Fruit: Classification of fruits, Simple, Aggregate, Composite fruit.

Unit VI Scientific Report writing

10

(a) Data collection, Documentation and Photography

6.1 Maintaining a laboratory record; Tabulation and generation of graphs.

6.2 Imaging of tissue specimens and application of scale bars.

6.3 The art of field photography.

(b) The art of scientific writing and its presentation

6.4 Numbers, units, abbreviations and nomenclature used in scientific writing.

6.5 Writing references. Power Point presentation. Poster presentation.

6.6 Scientific writing and ethics, Introduction to copyright-academic misconduct/plagiarism.

List of Practicals

Study of Pteridophytes : *Rhynia*, *Selaginella*, *Equisetum*.

Study of Gymnosperm: *Pinus*, *Gnetum*, *Cycadeoidea*, *Glossopteris*.

Study of Root: Types, Modifications.

Study of Stem: shape, surface, texture, nature Branching, Modifications (Ex. *Hibiscus*, *Ocimum*, any grass).

Study of Leaf: Stipules, base, kind, shape, surface, margin, Apex, texture, Phyllotaxy, Venation & Modifications.

Inflorescence: Types.

Flower: Parts, Thalamus, Calyx, Corolla, Androecium, Gynoecium.

Fruits: Types.

* To understand and prepare reference list (e.g. Research papers, Reference books, websites, Ph.D./M. Sc. Thesis & research reports)

To write and understand units, abbreviations and nomenclature used in scientific writing and prepare presentations in poster and power point template.

To prepare scientific paper.

Suggested Readings:

Rashid, A. [1989] : An Introduction to Pteridophyta Vikas Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

Sharma, O. P. [1990] : Text Book of Pteridophyta (McMillan India Ltd.)

Bhatnagar, S. P. and Moitra A. 1996 Gymnosperms. New Age International Limited , New Delhi Davis, P. H. and Heywood V. H. 1963. Principals of Angiosperm Taxonomy.

Oliver and Boyd London.

Sporne, K. R. 1965. The Morphology of Gymnosperms. Hutchinson University Library Press, London.

Stewart, W. N. and G. W. Rothwell 1993 : Paleobotany and the Evolution of Plants, 2nd Edn. Cambridge University Press.

Bierhorst, D. W. [1971] : Morphology of Vascular Plants. Macmillan & Co. N.

R. Vashishtha, B. R. [1992] : Gymnosperm (S. Chand & Co. New Delhi)

Dawson, C. (2002). Practical research methods. UBS Publishers, New Delhi.

Stapleton, P., Yondeowei, A., Mukanyange, J., Houten, H. (1995). Scientific writing for agricultural research scientists – a training reference manual. West Africa Rice Development Association, Hong Kong.

**Semester II
Practical Examination
Question Paper**

Time: 5 hrs

Marks : 30

Q.1) Identify & give characters of the given **Pteridophytic** material **[A]** and make temporary Mount. 04

Q.2) Identify & give characters of the given **Gymnospermic** **[B]** material and make temporary mount. 04

Q.3) Describe the given **leaf** material **[C]** 04

Q.4) Describe (Calyx, Corolla, Androecium & Gynoecium) of given **Flower** **[D]**. 04

Q. 5) Spotting : 08

E. Pteridophyte F. Fossil G. Gymnosperm H. Vegetative morphology

I. Inflorescence/flower J. Fruit K. Data collection L. Scientific writing

Q.6) Viva-voce 03

Q.7) Practical Record & Excursion Report 03

Semester – III

Angiosperms Taxonomy, Cell Biology, Plant Breeding and Plant Microtechnique

(60 Hours)

Unit I **Origin, Systematics and Biodiversity**

(10)

- 1.1 Origin of Angiosperms (Benettitalean theory) & Phylogeny
- 1.2 Angiosperm Floras, Herbaria, keys (Indented and Bracketed), Valid publication
- 1.3 Modern tools in Taxonomy in relation to Morphology, Anatomy and Cytology
- 1.4 Concept and significance of Biodiversity

Unit II **Classification and Study of Families**

(10)

- 2.1 Classification of Angiosperms: Natural, Artificial and Phylogenetic systems.
- 2.2 Systems: Bentham & Hooker and Engler & Prantl (with merits and demerits),
- 2.3 Dicotyledons : Malvaceae, Fabaceae (Papilionoideae, Caesalpinioideae, Mimosoideae) Asteraceae, Asclepiadaceae, Euphorbiaceae
- 2.4 Monocotyledons : Liliaceae, Poaceae

Unit III **Cell Biology I**

(10)

- 3.1 Typical plant cell - Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic
- 3.2 Ultrastructure & functions of: Cell wall & Cell Membrane (Fluid mosaic model)
- 3.3 Ultrastructure & functions of: Nucleus & Endoplasmic reticulum (RER and SER)
- 3.4 Ultrastructure & functions of: Golgi complex, Ribosomes, lysosomes, Peroxisomes, Mitochondria & Chloroplasts

Unit IV **Cell Biology II**

(10)

- 4.1 Chromosome structure: Morphology (chromatid, chromomere, centromere, telomere, secondary constriction, satellite, karyotype)
- 4.2 Sex Chromosomes in plants: XY type in *Melandrium*
- 4.3 Cell division in plants: Mitosis, Meiosis and its significance.

Unit V **Plant Breeding**

(10)

- 5.1 Plant Breeding- Definition and objectives
- 5.2 Hybridization (emasculation, bagging, crossing, labelling)
- 5.3 Colonial selection, Heterosis (Definition and scope)

5.4 Biostatistics - Mean, Mode, Median, Standard deviation, Standard error, Students t-test

Unit VI Plant Micro-techniques

(10)

(a) Staining Plant Materials

6.1 Staining procedures, classification and chemistry of stains. Staining equipment.

6.2 Reactive dyes and fluorochromes (including genetically engineered protein labeling with GFP and other tags).

6.3 Cytogenetic techniques with squashed and smeared plant materials.

(b) Methods to study plant cell / Tissue Structure

6.4 Whole mounts, peel mounts, clearing, maceration and sectioning;

6.5 Tissue preparation: living vs fixed, physical vs chemical fixation, coagulating fixatives, no coagulant fixatives; tissue dehydration using graded solvent series;

6.6 Paraffin and plastic infiltration; Preparation of thin and ultrathin sections.

List of Practicals

Study of Families covered in the theory portion.

Study of fossil Angiosperms micropreparation and specimens: *Sahianthus*, *Enigmocarpon*

Study of Cell organelles with the help of photographs/ Slides

Study of mitosis in plant material

Study of meiosis in plant material

Study of hybridization (Emasculation, bagging crossing & labeling)

To calculate Mean, Mode, Median, standard error from the given data (At least 10 problems to be solved)

To calculate the study of t-value from the given data (At least 10 problems to be solved)

* To prepare different laboratory stains.

To study different staining equipments.

To study procedure for staining different plant materials.

To study methods of fixation preservation and clearing.

To study the methods of paraffin and plastic infiltration.

To study maceration and sectioning of infiltrated materials.

Botanical Excursions (Two short or One long out of the state is compulsory).

Suggested Readings:

Bhojwani, S. S. and Bhatnagar, S. P. 2000. The Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publishing House, Delhi.

Hartman, H. T. and Kestler D.E. 1976. Plant Propagation :Principles and Practices,3rd Edn. Prentice- Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

Proctor, M. and Yeo, P. 1973. The Pollination of Flowers. William Collins Son, London.

Jeffrey, C. 1983. An Introduction of plant Taxonomy. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, London.

Radford, A.E. 1986 Fundamentals of plant systematic. Harper And Row, New York.

Ugemuge, N. R. 1986. Flora of Nagpur District. Shree Prakashan, Nagpur.

Dutta, S. C. 1989. Systematic Botany. Wiley Eastern Co. Naik, V. N.- Taxonomy of Angiosperm.

Ruzin, S.E. (1999). Plant microtechnique and microscopy. Oxford University Press, New York, U.S.A.

Semester III
Practical Examination
Question Paper

Time : 5 hrs

Marks : 30

- Q. 1) Describe in technical language the given Angiospermic material [A]. Classify & Identify the Family giving reason **06**
- Q. 2) Write floral formula and Draw Floral Diagram of the given flower [B] **03**
- Q. 3) Prepare semi-permanent squash /smear of given material [C] & Identify the stage of cell division **05**
- Q. 4) To solve the given problem of biostatistics **04**
- 5) Spotting: **06**
- D. Fossil angiosperm E. Cytology F. Cell organelles (photocopy)
- G. Taxonomy H. Plant Microtechnique I. Plant Cell/Tissue structure
- Q. 6) Viva-voce **03**
- Q. 7) Practical Record & Excursion Report **03**

Semester – IV
Anatomy, Embryology, Genetics, Molecular Biology & Plant Analytical techniques
(60 Hours)

Unit I Anatomy **(10)**

- 1.1 Meristems: Types, Apical cell , tunica-carpus & Newman theory
- 1.2 Primary structure of stem and root in dicot (Sunflower) & monocot (*Maize*)
- 1.3 Types of vascular bundles in dicots and monocots;
- 1.4 Secondary growth (Sunflower stem) & anomalous growth in *Bignonia* and *Dracena* stem.
- 1.5 Anatomy of leaf: Dicot (*Nerium*), monocot (*Maize*).

Unit II Embryology **(10)**

- 2.1 Pollination: Types and adaptation, significance
- 2.2 Microsporogenesis, male gametophyte,
- 2.3 Megasporogenesis :Types of ovules, female gametophyte (*Polygonum* type)
- 2.4 Double fertilization and triple fusion, endosperms and its types,
- 2.5 Structure of dicot (*Onagrad*) and monocot embryo.

Unit- III Genetics I **(10)**

- 3.1 Interaction of genes: Incomplete dominance (1:2:1 ratio in *Mirabilis jalapa*); Complementary (9:7 ratio) and Dominant epistasis (12:3:1 ratio)
- 3.2 Linkage: Definition, Theory of linkage (Coupling and Repulsion theory), types (complete and incomplete), significance
- 3.3 Extra-nuclear Genome- Mitochondrial DNA and Chloroplast DNA

Unit- IV Genetics II **(10)**

- 4.1 Crossing over: Definition, theories (Breakage and reunion), significance
- 4.2 Variation in chromosome number: Polyploidy (auto- and allo-), aneuploidy (nullisomics, monosomics, trisomics and tetrasomics), significance.
- 4.3 Structural changes in chromosome: deficiency, duplication, inversion translocation & their significance.
- 4.4 Concept of gene; Structure of eukaryotic gene, overlapping gene

Unit- V Molecular Biology **(10)**

5.1 DNAPackaging – Nucleosome ; DNA damage and repair: Photoreactivation, excision

repair. Satellite and repetitive DNA,

5.2 Gene expression in prokaryotes: Transcription and translation; Regulation of gene expression (Lac operon model).

5.3 Mutation: Types, Mutagens, Applications of induced mutations in crop improvement.

5.4 Transposable element in plants (AC-DS system)

Unit VI: Plant Analytical techniques

(10)

(a) Analytical Pharmacognosy

6.1 Drug adulteration - types, methods of drug evaluation

6.2 Biological testing of herbal drugs - Phytochemical screening tests for secondary metabolites (alkaloids, flavonoids, steroids, triterpenoids, phenolic compounds).

(b) Herbal Cosmetics & Medicines

6.3 Methods of Herbal extraction:- Maceration, digestion, Decoction, extracts and tinctures

6.4 Herbal Preparations: Churna, Asava, Arishta Products & uses of Aloe, Amla, Adathoda, Neem, Rose, Turmeric & Ginger.

List of Practicals-

Study of simple tissue, complex tissue and secretory tissue from permanent slides

Study of types of vascular bundles

Study of internal structure of dicot and monocot root using hand section and prepare temporary mounts -Sunflower, Maize

Study of internal structure of dicot and monocot stem using hand section and prepare temporary mounts -Sunflower, Maize.

Study the growth ring in woods-Teak wood

Study of internal structure of secondary growth and anomalous secondary growth using hand section and prepare permanent micropreparations - *Bignonia* stem and *Dracena* stem.

Study of internal structure of leaves- *Nerium*, Maize

Study of types of ovules, stamens anther structure, pollen grains, adaptations for pollination,

To calculate the percent pollen germination in the given specimen

To prove the Mendel's law of segregation with the help of coloured beads.

To prove the Mendel's law of independent assortment with the help of coloured beads.

From the given data workout the type of gene interaction in the given cross.

*To study different methods of identification of drug adulteration.

To study the methods of biological testing of herbal drugs.

To study the screening tests for secondary metabolites.

Identification of useful herbal plants.

To study different methods of herbal extractions.

To prepare different products. (Churna, Asava, Arishta)
Botanical Excursions (One short tour is compulsory).

Suggested Readings:

- Cutter, E. G. 1971. Plant Anatomy Experiment and Interpretation. Part II. Organs. Edward Arnold, London.
- Esau, K. 1979 Anatomy of seed Plants, 2nd Edn. John Wiley and Sons New York
- Fahn, A. Plant Anatomy, 2nd Edn. Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- Alberts, B. D. Bray, J Lewis, M. Raff K, Roberts, and J. D. Watson [1999] Molecular Biology of the Cell (Garland Publishing Co. Inc. N.Y.)
- Gardner, E. J., M. J Simmond, and D. P. Snustadt(1991) :Principles of Genetics, 8'h ed (John Wiley and Sons, Inc N. Y.)
- Gupta, P.K.[1999] : A Text Book of cell and Molecular Biology (Rastogi Publications, Meerut India)
- Hawms, J. D. [1991] : Gene Structure and Expression 2nd ed (Cambridge University Press Cambridge U.K.)
- Kleinsmith, L. J and V. M. Kish [1995] : Principles of cell and Molecular Biology, 2"d ed. Harper Collins college pubs.
- Snustad, D. P. and M. J. Simmons [2000] : Principles of Genetics (John Wiley and sons, USA)
- Freifelder, D [1990] : Essentials of Molecular Biology (Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, Madras)
- Watson, J. D. Hopkins, Roberts, Steitz, Weiner [1987] U Molecular Biology of Gene. Benjamin Cummings Pub. Co. Sherman)
- Cooper, G. M. [1997] : The Cell" A Molecular Approach (Oxford Univ. Press)
- Kumar, H. D. [1991] : A text book of Cytology, Genetics and Evolution[1991] : A Text Book Cytology, Genetics and Evolution (Kalyani Publisher, New Delhi)
- Lewin, G. [2000] : Gene VII (John Wiley and Sons, N. Y.)
- Lodish, H. A. Berk, S. L. Zipursky, P Matudaira , D. Baltimore and Jm Damell [2000] :Molecular cell Biology (W. H. Freeman and Co. N. Y.)
- Russel, P. J. [1998] : Genetics (The Benjamin/ Cummings publishing Con. Inc. USA)
- Kumar, H. D. [1991] : A text book of Cytology, Genetics and Evolution[1991] : A Text Book Cytology, Genetics and Evolution (Kalyani Publisher, New Delhi)
- Karp, G [1961]: Cell and Molecular Biology- Concepts and Experiments (John Wiley and Sons Inc.)
- Gupta PK (2007) Genetics: Classical to Modern. Rastogi Publications, Meerut
- Vyas SP and Mehta A (2011) Cell and Molecular Biology. CBS Publ. and Dist. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Glossary of Indian medicinal plants, R.N.Chopra, S.L.Nayar and I.C.Chopra, 1956. C.S.I.R, New Delhi.

The indigenous drugs of India, Kanny, Lall, Dey and Raj Bahadur, 1984. International Book Distributors.

Herbal plants and Drugs Agnes Arber, 1999. Mangal Deep Publications.

Ayurvedic drugs and their plant source. V.V. Sivarajan and Balachandran Indra 1994. Oxford IBH publishing Co.

Ayurveda and Aromatherapy. Miller, Light and Miller, Bryan, 1998. Banarsidass, Delhi.

Principles of Ayurveda, Anne Green, 2000. Thomsons, London.

Pharmacognosy, Dr.C.K.Kokate et al. 1999. Nirali Prakashan.

Semester IV
Practical Examination
Question Paper
Time : 5 hrs
Marks : 30

- Q. 1) Prepare temporary mount of the given material [A](Root/Leaf)& Identify giving diagnostic character **03**
- Q. 2) Prepare double stained permanent mounts of the given material [Stem] [B] & Identify giving diagnostic character **06**
- Q. 3) Calculate percent germination in the given pollen grains [C] **02**
- Q. 4) To prove Mendel's Law of Inheritance through coloured beads [D] **04**
- Q. 5) To work out the type of gene interaction in the given cross from the given data. **03**
- Q. 6) Spotting: **06**
- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| E- Tissue | F- Root anatomy |
| G-Stem anatomy | H-Embryology |
| I. Analytical pharmacognosy | J. Herbal cosmetics & Medicines |
- Q. 7) Viva-voce **03**
- Q. 8) Practical record and excursion report **03**

Semester – V
Biochemistry, Plant Physiology-I, Plant Ecology-I & Instrumentation and
Phytochemistry
(60 Hours)

Unit I : Biochemistry **(10)**

- 1.1 Carbohydrates: Definition, properties & role; Classification: Aldoses & ketoses; monosaccharides, disaccharides and polysaccharides;
- 1.2 Lipids: Definition, properties & role; fatty acids, oils & waxes.
- 1.3 Aminoacids- Chemistry of amino acids present in proteins (Classification),
- 1.4 Basics of Enzymology: Nomenclature & Characteristics of Enzymes, factors affecting enzyme activity, Holoenzyme, Apoenzyme, Co-enzymes & Co-factors, Theories for Mechanism of action of Enzymes

Unit II: Plant-water relations **(10)**

- 2.1 Properties of water; Diffusion, Osmosis Imbibitions & Plasmolysis : significance
- 2.2 Water conduction: Root pressure theory, Cohesion-adhesion theory; Transpiration role
- 2.3 Phloem transport: Munch hypothesis
- 2.4 Mineral transport: passive (Donnan's equilibrium), active (Carrier concept)

Unit III: Metabolism **(10)**

- 3.1 Photosynthesis: Concept, significance, photolysis of water (Hill's reaction), cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation, Light independent reactions: C₃, C₄ and CAM pathways and their significance; factors affecting photosynthesis.
- 3.2 Respiration: Types (aerobic & anaerobic), glycolysis, Kreb's cycle, oxidative phosphorylation (ETS); fermentation (alcohol & lactic acid), photorespiration. Glyoxylate cycle
- 3.3 Nitrogen metabolism: Mechanism of biological nitrogen fixation, importance of nitrate reductase

Unit IV: Ecology and Environment: **(10)**

- 4.1 Climatic Factors: Light & Temperature (effect on vegetation).
- 4.2 Edaphic Factor : Pedogenesis, Soil profile, Soil properties (physical and chemical)
- 4.3 Biotic Factor: Interactions between a) plants, animals & human, b) plant community & plants & soil microorganisms.

4.4 Plant adaptations: Morphological, Anatomical & Physiological responses of Hydrophytes, Xerophytes, and Halophytes (with one example)

Unit V: Ecosystem

(10)

5.1 Community characteristics: frequency, density, abundance, Life forms, Raunkier's Biological spectrum: Pond & Desert ecosystem

5.2 Autecology, Ecad, Ecotype, Natality, Mortality, Food chain, Food web, Ecological pyramids 5.3 Conservation of forest and water resources; Agricultural, noise and thermal pollution,

5.5 Plant succession: Hydrosere, Xerosere

Unit VI: Instrumentation and Phytochemistry

(10)

(a) Instrumentation

6.1 Principle, types and application of: microscopy (Light, fluorescent, SEM, TEM),

6.2 Centrifugation, Electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE and Agarose), Spectroscopy (UV-Vis),

6.3 Chromatography (Paper chromatography, Thin layer chromatography)

(b) Phytochemistry

6.4 Active principles of Phytochemistry

6.5 Methods of their testing phytochemical substances

6.6 Identification and utilization of the medicinal herbs; *Catharanthus roseus* (cardiotonic), *Withania somnifera* (drugs acting on nervous system), *Clerodendron phlomoides* (anti-rheumatic) and *Centella asiatica* (memory booster).

List of Practicals

Major Physiology experiments (Any 10)

To study the permeability of plasma membrane using different concentrations of organic solvents.

To study the effect of temperature on permeability of membranes.

To determine the osmotic potential of vacuolar sap by plasmolytic method.

To determine the water potential of any tuber.

To compare the rate of transpiration from two surfaces of leaf- a) bell jar method b) Cobalt chloride method.

To determine the path of water (Ascent of sap).

To separate chloroplast pigments a) by solvent method and preparation of their absorption spectra b) paper chromatography.

To separate amino acids from plant materials an paper chromatography and their identification by comparison with standards.

To measure rate of photosynthesis by Wilmott's bubbler under variable conditions of light, temperature and CO₂.

To compare rates of respiration of various plant parts.

To demonstrate bioassay of auxin, cytokinin, GA, ABA and ethylene using appropriate plant materials.

To perform microchemical tests for determination of reducing and non-reducing sugars, starch, cellulose, oils and proteins.

To study the effect of light intensity and quality, CO₂ concentration and temperature on rate of photosynthesis by suitable method.

To determine osmotic potential of the cell sap by plasmolytic method.

To study the activity of enzyme amylase, catalase and peroxidase.

Minor Physiology experiments (Any Seven)

To demonstrate the phenomenon of dispersion.

To demonstrate the phenomenon of adsorption.

To demonstrate the phenomenon of imbibitions.

To demonstrate the root pressure.

To demonstrate that the amount of water absorbed and the amount of water transpired is approximately equal.

To demonstrate that the light is necessary for photosynthesis (Ganong's light screen).

To demonstrate that the light, chlorophyll and CO₂ are necessary for photosynthesis (using Moll's half-leaf experiment).

To demonstrate fermentation by Kuhne's tube.

To demonstrate aerobic respiration.

To demonstrate the evolution of CO₂ in respiration.

To demonstrate that the part of energy is released in the form of heat during respiration.

To demonstrate the measurement of growth of germination pea seeds.

To demonstrate the phenomenon of gravitropism (geotropism), phototropism and hydrotropism. To demonstrate seed viability test by T.T.C. (Triphenyl-tetrazolium chloride)

Ecology Practicals

To determine frequency, density, abundance of the community by quadrat method.

To determine the homogeneity of vegetation by Raunkiaers frequency diagram.

To determine the water holding capacity of the given soil samples.

To determine the water rising capacity of the given soil samples.

To determine the soil moisture of the given samples.

To study the morphological and anatomical characteristics of any one hydrophyte and xerophyte.

To study the morphological characteristics of cladode, phylloclade, phyllode and pneumatophores.

Principle and working of: spectrophotometer, microscope etc.
To determine the DO of water samples different sources.
To study the dust holding capacity of leaves.
To estimate transparency, pH and temperature of different water bodies
To estimate salinity (chlorides) of different water samples.
To determine the percent leaf-area injury of different leaf samples collected around polluted sites.
*To separate chlorophyll pigments by chromatography.
To measure chlorophyll by spectrophotometer.
To measure anthocyanin by spectrophotometer.
To separate chlorophyll pigments by chromatography.
Identification and utilization of the medicinal herbs.
To study methods of testing different drugs.
To study the active principles of herbal drugs.

Suggested Readings

Hopkins, W. G. 1995. Introduction to plant physiology. John Wiley & Sons New York, USA

Old, R. W. and Primrose S.B. Principles of Gene Manipulation. Blackwell scientific publications, Oxford U. K. [new edition could be there]

Dey, P.M. & Harborne, J. B. (eds) 1997. Plant Biochemistry. Harcourt Asia Pte Ltd/Academic Press I Printed in India 2000J

Raghavan, V. 1986 Embryogenesis in Angiosperms : A Developmental and Experimental Study. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Plummer, D.T. (1996). An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. Tata McGrawHill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi. 3rd edition.

Ruzin, S.E. (1999). Plant Microtechnique and Microscopy, Oxford University Press, New York. U.S.A.

Ausubel, F., Brent, R., Kingston, R. E., Moore, D.D., Seidman, J.G., Smith, J.A., Struhl, K. (1995). Short Protocols in Molecular Biology. John Wiley & Sons. 3rd edition.

Zar, J.H. (2012). Biostatistical Analysis. Pearson Publication. U.S.A. 4th edition.

Glossary of Indian medicinal plants, R.N.Chopra, S.L.Nayar and I.C.Chopra, 1956. C.S.I.R, New Delhi.

. The indigenous drugs of India, Kanny, Lall, Dey and Raj Bahadur, 1984. International Book Distributors.

Herbal plants and Drugs Agnes Arber, 1999. Mangal Deep Publications.

Ayurvedic drugs and their plant source. V.V. Sivarajan and Balachandran Indra 1994. Oxford IBH publishing Co.

Ayurveda and Aromatherapy. Miller, Light and Miller, Bryan, 1998. Banarsidass, Delhi.

Principles of Ayurveda, Anne Green, 2000. Thomsons, London.

Pharmacognosy, Dr.C.K.Kokate et al. 1999. Nirali Prakashan.

Semester V
Practical examination
Question Paper

Time : 5 hrs

Marks :

30

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| Q. 1) To perform given Physiology Experiment [A] & report the findings | 06 |
| Q. 2) To perform the given Biochemical Experiment [B] & report the findings | 04 |
| Q. 3) To perform the given Ecological Experiment [C] & report the findings | 05 |
| Q. 4) To perform the given microchemical test [D] & report the findings | 03 |
| Q. 5) Spotting : | 06 |
| E- Plant Physiology | |
| F-Plant Physiology | |
| G- Ecology (Component of aquatic ecosystems) | |
| H-Ecology(Component of terrestrial ecosystems) | |
| I.Instrumentation | |
| J. Phytochemistry | |
| Q. 6) Viva Voice | 03 |
| Q. 7) Practical Record & Excursion Report | 03 |

Semester VI

Plant Physiology-II, Biotechnology And Utilization of Plants & Nursery & Hybrid Seed Production (60 Hours)

Unit I Plant Responses (10)

1.1 Growth: Phases, Growth curve; Pr and Pfr forms, their role Circadian rhythms and biological clock. Growth regulators: Role of auxin, cytokinins, gibberellins, ABA and ethylene

1.2 Plant movements: Tropic and nastic movements.

1.4 Photoperiodism: photoperiodism & vernalization, role of florigen

1.5 Seed dormancy: Causes & role, methods to break seed dormancy.

1.6 Stress physiology- Concept, Types of stress, Water and Salinity stress

Unit II Plant tissue culture (10)

2.1 Totipotency, explant, aseptic culture, *in vitro*, micropropagation;

2.2 Methods of sterilization (autoclaving, dry heat, chemicals),

2.3 Culture media (MS media) hormone requirement & applications of tissue culture.

2.4 Callus & organ culture (shoot tip, anther) & its application, cybrid production & its application.

Unit III : Genetic engineering (10)

3.1 Tools and techniques of recombinant DNA technology,

3.2 Restriction Enzymes – Nomenclature and Types

3.3 Cloning vectors – Plasmids, Phages, Cosmids

3.4 Gene Source- Genomic and c-DNA library

3.5 Transgenic plants, example Bt cotton and golden rice.

Unit IV Phytogeography (10)

4.1 Principles of Phytogeography, Distribution (wides, endemics, discontinuous species),

4.2 Theories (Landbridge and continental drift),

4.3 Climatic & Phytogeographic regions of India (Chatterjee 1962; Name, distribution area, typical vegetation)

4.4 Ethnobotany: Introduction, definition, branches & importance of ethnobotany

Unit V: Utilization of Plants (10)

5.1. Morphology, Utilization and Important chemical constituents of Food: Wheat; Oil: Ground nut; Fibre: Cotton; Spices: Clove; Beverages: Coffee; Rubber.

5.2. General account and sources of firewood, timber and Bamboos.

- 5.3. Essential oils – General account, economic importance of Eucalyptus.
- 5.4. General account and uses of medicinal plants :*Aloe vera*, *Adathoda vasica*, *Asparagus racemosa*, *Azadirachta indica*, *Catharanthus roseus*, *Emblica officinalis*, *Ocimum sanctum*

Unit VI: Nursery & Hybrid Seed Production

(10)

(a) Plant Nursery Management

6.1 Nursery:- Concept, types & infrastructure requirements

6.2 Seed propagation:- Germination, Production, Collection, Storage & testing of seeds

6.3 Vegetative Propagation:- Natural and Artificial (Cutting, budding, grafting and layering)

(b) Hybrid Seed Production:

6.4 Seed production planning, Land and isolation requirement

6.5 Wild pollinators, maintenance of varietal purity, field inspection,

6.6 Harvesting and threshing in the following crops-(1) Maize, (2) Sun flower, (6) Cotton,

List of Practicals

To determine seed viability by a convenient method.

Principle and working of: oven, autoclave, laminar air flow hood.

To study the structure of following vectors on the basis of photographs and diagrams: plasmid vector, Binary vector.

To study the effect of various plant growth regulators on the growth and development of plants.

To study steps of genetic engineering from photograph example Bt cotton and golden rice.

Utilization of Plants: Morphology, Utilization and Important chemical constituents of plants mentioned in theory. To study the plants of ethnobotanical importance.

Microchemical Tests: Lipid, Proteins, starch, Lignin, Carbohydrates, Cellulose.

Electrophoretic /chromate graphic separation of amino acids carbohydrates

To study instruments and equipments required for plant tissue culture.

To study different components of M S medium.

To study methods of sterilization and Inoculation of explants materials.

*To study effect of biotic and biotic factors on seed germination of tomato and groundnut.

To study factors affecting vegetative propagation (rooting and new shoot formation) by cutting of plant species (*Duranta plumeri* and *Hibiscus, rosa-sinensis*).

To study T-shaped budding of rose plants.

Suggested Readings

Sharma, O. P. 1996. Hill's Economic Botany (Adapted by O.P. Sharma) Tata Mcgraw - Hill co. Ltd. New Dehli.

Simpson, B. B. and Corner - Ogorzaly, M 1986. Economic Botany- Plants in our World. McGraw - Hill Book company, New York.

Shukla RS and Chandel (2005) A Text Book of Plant Ecology. S Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

Bose T.K. & Mukherjee, D., 1972, Gardening in India, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.

Sandhu, M.K., 1989, Plant Propagation, Wile Eastern Ltd., Bangalore, Madras.

Kumar, N., 1997, Introduction to Horticulture, Rajalakshmi Publications, Nagercoil.

Edmond Musser & Andres, Fundamentals of Horticulture, McGraw Hill Book Co., New Delhi.

Agrawal, P.K. 1993, Hand Book of Seed Technology, Dept. of Agriculture and Cooperation, National Seed Corporation Ltd., New Delhi.

Janick Jules. 1979. Horticultural Science. (3rd Ed.), W.H. Freeman and Co., San Francisco, USA.

SEMESTER –VI

BOTANY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER

Time : 5 hrs

Marks : 30

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| Q. 1) To determine seed viability [A] & report the findings | 05 |
| Q. 2) To study the given Ecological material [B] & report the findings. | 05 |
| Q. 3) Electrophoretic /chromatographic separation of amino acid and carbohydrates [D]. | 04 |
| Q. 4) Morphology, anatomy and utilization of the given plant material [E]. | 04 |
| Q. 5) Spotting: | 06 |
| E - Ecology (morphology) F - Biotechnology Instruments | |
| G - Utilization of plant H -Utilization of plant | I – Plant Nursery |
| Technique J – Hybrid seed Production | |
| Q. 7) Viva Voice | 03 |
| Q. 8) Practical Record & Excursion Report | 03 |