Bajaj College of Science, Wardha

Practice Sheet during Lockdown

B.Sc. Sem IV

Subject: Microbiology

Industrial and Applied Microbiology

Long Questions (07 Marks)

- 1. Draw well labelled diagram of typical fermentor. Write in brief role of different parts of fermentor.
- 2. Describe any two methods used in primary screening of industrially important microorganism.
- 3. What are different fermentation processes.
- 4. Define strain improvement. Give its significance .Describe various methods of strain improvement.
- 5. Describe any two methods used in secondary screening of industrially important microorganism
- 6. Describe cell disintegration as a method employed for product recovery.
- 7. Discuss various raw materials used as a source of nitrogen in fermentation process.
- 8. Discuss any two methods employed for purification of product from fermented broth
- 9. Discuss various raw material used as a source of carbon in fermentation process.
- 10. Describe any two methods employed for extraction and crystallisation of products.
- 11. Discuss in detail biochemistry and production of Vit.B12
- 12. Discuss in detail production and biochemistry of citric acid
- 13. Describe in detail the process for production and biochemistry of beer.
- 14. Discuss in detail production and recovery of penicillin.
- 15. Give the detail account on production of Baker's yeast.

- 16. Define Chlorination. Discuss in detail break point chlorination.
- 17. Describe in detail bacteriological analysis of water for faecal coliforms.
- 18. Describe in detail bacteriological analysis of water for faecal streptococci.
- 19. Discuss in detail slow sand filter.
- 20. Discuss in detail rapid sand filter
- 21. Discuss in detail process for collection and handling of water sample.
- 22. Describe trickling filter and activated sludge methods of sewage treatment.
- 23. Describe the working principle, design and advantages of oxidation pond.
- 24. Describe structure and working principle of septic and imhoff tank.
- 25. Discuss the physical, chemical and biological characteristics of sewage.
- 26. Discuss in detail tertiary treatment of sewage.
- 27. Define bio leaching. Discuss in detail bioleaching of copper.
- 28. Describe various food borne infections.
- 29. Discuss in detail Canning process.
- 30. Write a detail account on phosphate solubilizing bacteria as a biofertilizer.
- 31. Discuss various methods employed for preservation of food.
- 32. Discuss Anderson technique in detail.

Short Questions (3.5 Marks)

- 1. Design of typical fermentor
- 2. Giant Colony Method
- 3. Crowded Plate Technique
- 4. Strain improvement
- 5. Scope of Industrial Microbiology.
- 6. Sterilisation of fermentor
- 7. Optimisation of agitation during fermentation process.
- 8. Inoculum development for the fermentation process
- 9. Scale up of fermentation process.
- 10. Precipitation technique for harvesting of fermentation product.
- 11. Structure of Vitamin B12
- 12. Harvesting and crushing of grapes in wine preparation
- 13. Role of Hops flowers in beer production
- 14. Recovery of Penicillin.
- 15. Recovery of ethanol.

- 16. Mechanism of chlorine action during water treatment.
- 17. Handling of water sample.
- 18. Significance of bacteriological analysis of water.
- 19. Describe False positive presumptive test
- 20. Indicators of excretal pollution.
- 21. Collection of water sample.
- 22. Classification of sewage
- 23. Biological characteristics of sewage.
- 24. Salient features of secondary screening.
- 25. Construction of Imhof tank.
- 26. Physical characteristics of sewage.
- 27. Food preservation by using low temperature.
- 28. How chemical pesticides are harmful
- 29. Write a note on Biopesticides.
- 30. Write a note on Food intoxication
- 31. Write a note on Food infection
- 32. Write a note on Mycorrhizae.

Shortest Questions (02 Marks)

- 1. Name any two mutagenic agents used in strain development.
- 2. Name the method used for sterilization of heat labile components of media.
- 3. What are primary metabolites? Give any two examples.
- 4. What are secondary metabolites? Give any two examples.
- 5. Give significance for strain improvement.
- 6. Give the different methods used for isolation of industrially important microorganism.
- 7. What is protoplast fusion?
- 8. What is batch and continuous fermentation process?
- 9. Define sparger and baffles.
- 10. What is the auxanography technique?
- 11. What is inoculum?
- 12. What is scale up process?

- 13. Define inoculum development.
- 14. Give the significance of pretreatment of raw material.
- 15. Give the different sources of carbon required to formulate fermentation media.
- 16. Give the different sources of nitrogen required to formulate fermentation media.
- 17. Give the names of precipitating agents for recovery of product.
- 18. Enlist the names of antifoam agents.
- 19. Give the significance of antifoam agents
- 20. What is solvent-solvent extraction method for recovery of product.
- 21. What is red wine?
- 22. What are hops
- 23. What is carbonation of wine
- 24. How wine is matured
- 25. What are distilled beverages
- 26. Give two applications of baker's yeast
- 27. What are the raw materials used for ethanol production?
- 28. Name the top fermenting and bottom fermenting strain used for production of Industrial Alcohol.
- 29. Which microorganisms are use to produce citric acid?
- 30. What is sparkling wine?
- 31. What are the uses of single cell protein?
- 32. What is miling and mashing?
- 33. What is capping
- 34. What is semisynthetic penicillin?
- 35. Give the significance of clarification process in wine production.
- 36. Enlist different microorganisms used for SCP production?
- 37. What are faecal coliforms?
- 38. What are faecal streptococci
- 39. What is mean by backwashing?
- 40. What is superchlorination?
- 41. What are different methods of chlorination?
- 42. Why *E.coli* is called as faecal pollution indicator?
- 43. What is the basic difference between slow sand and rapid sand filter
- 44. What is clariflocculator

- 45. Give the significance of clariflocculation
- 46. What are MFT and MTFT?
- 47. Give the advantages of membrane filter techniques.
- 48. Define break point chlorination.
- 49. What is RBC?
- 50. What is BOD, COD and ThOD?
- 51. What trickling filter?
- 52. Name the organisms which are referred as faecal and non-faecal coliforms.
- 53. What is activated sludge?
- 54. Why rapid sand filter is called s mechanical filter?
- 55. Name the methods employed for primary and secondary screening.
- 56. What is zoogleal film?
- 57. What is oxidation pond
- 58. Give the physical characteristics of sewage
- 59. What is Endotoxin?
- 60. Define Canning.
- 61. Who is the father of canning process?
- 62. Define biopesticides and give its advantages.
- 63. Name the organisms used for production of Biopesticides
- 64. Enlist four chemical preservatives.
- 65. What is quick, slow and dehydro freezing?
- 66. What are biological control agents?
- 67. Define endo and ectendomycorrhizae.
- 68. Define microbial leaching.
- 69. Define PSB and give its examples.

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